



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

STATISTICAL REPORTS OF STATES AND CITIES OF THE UNITED STATES,
YEARLY AND MONTHLY.

CONNECTICUT—*Stamford*.—Month of September, 1906. Estimated population, 20,000. No deaths reported.

MICHIGAN.—Month of August, 1906. Estimated population, 2,530,016. Total number of deaths returned to the State department for the month was 3,237, including enteric fever 45, diphtheria 29, scarlet fever 12, measles 8, whooping cough 43, and 224 from tuberculosis.

Grand Rapids.—Month of August, 1906. Estimated population, 100,000. Total number of deaths 142, including diphtheria 2, scarlet fever 1, enteric fever 1, and 7 from tuberculosis.

MISSOURI—*St. Louis*.—Month of August, 1906. Estimated population, 710,000, white 665,000, colored 45,000. Total number of deaths, 868, white 775, colored 93, including scarlet fever 1, diphtheria 2, whooping cough 7, enteric fever 16, and 79 from phthisis pulmonalis.

NEW YORK—*Saratoga Springs*.—Month of September, 1906. Estimated population, 11,822. Total number of deaths, 21, including enteric fever 1, and 1 from tuberculosis.

NORTH CAROLINA—*Charlotte*.—Month of September, 1906. Estimated population, 40,000. Total number of deaths, 28, including enteric fever 4, and 5 from tuberculosis.

OHIO—*Cleveland*.—Month of August, 1906. Estimated population, 470,000. Total number of deaths, 720, including enteric fever 7, measles 1, whooping cough 8, scarlet fever 6, diphtheria 8, and 52 from tuberculosis.

Zanesville.—Month of September, 1906. Estimated population, 25,000. Total number of deaths, 33, including 2 from tuberculosis.

PENNSYLVANIA—*Dunmore*.—Month of September, 1906. Estimated population, 17,500. Total number of deaths, 20, including 1 from tuberculosis.

TEXAS—*San Antonio*.—Month of July, 1906. Estimated population, 85,000. Total number of deaths, 110, including diphtheria 6, enteric fever 5, and 22 from tuberculosis (nonresidents 8). Month of August, 1906. Total number of deaths, 107, including diphtheria 1, enteric fever 1, and 22 from phthisis pulmonalis.